

GUIDELINES ON SUBMISSION OF DOCUMENTATION FOR REGISTRATION OF IN VITRO DIAGNOSTICS DEVICES

JUNE 2022

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FOREWORD

Rwanda Food and Drugs Authority (Rwanda FDA) is a regulatory body established by the Law N° 003/2018 of 09/02/2018. One of the functions of Rwanda FDA is to regulate matters related to quality, safety and performance of In vitro Diagnostics devices in order to protect public health by increasing their access and availability.

Considering the provisions of the technical regulations N^O DFAR/HMDAR/TRG/002 Rev_2 governing the registration of Medical Devices including In vitro Diagnostics especially in its articles 6, 7, 13, 14, 16 and 35, the Authority has issued Guidelines No DAR/GDL/075 on submission of documentation for registration of In Vitro Diagnostics Devices.

These guidelines were developed in reference to the East African Medicines Regulatory Harmonization, World Health Organization (WHO) and the International Medical Devices Regulators Forum (IMDRF).

The purpose of these guidelines is to provide guidance to IVDDs importers, manufacturers and distributors intending to market their products in Rwanda on the documentation requirements by the Authority to assess conformity of such products to the essential principles of safety and performance before market authorization can be issued.

These guidelines are hereby promulgated for information, guidance and strict compliance by all concerned.

Adherence to the guidelines by the manufacturers/applicants will facilitate timely assessments and approvals of medical device dossiers by the Authority for pre-market, marketing authorization, registration and post-marketing review.

We wish to express our gratitude to all individuals who actively participated in the development of the guidelines.

The Authority acknowledges all the efforts of key stakeholders who participated in the development and validation of these guidelines.

Dr. Emile BIENVENU Director General

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ACCRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

PRC Peer Review Committee

Rwanda FDA Rwanda Food and Drugs Authority

EP Essential Principles

FIFO First In First Out

STED Summary of Technical Documentation

IVDD In Vitro Diagnostic Device

QMS Quality Management Systems

LTR Local Technical Representative

EEC European Economic Community

CAB Conformity Assessment Body

IMDRF International Medical Devices Regulators Forum

WHO World Health Organisation

EAC East African Community

EAC-MRH East African Medicines Regulatory Harmonization

QCL Quality Control Laboratory

SRA Stringent Regulatory Authority

GMP Good Manufacturing Practices

NRA National Regulatory Authority

HIV Human Immunodeficiency Virus

HCV Hepatitis C Virus

HBV Hepatitis B Virus

HTLV Human T-lymphotropic virus

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GLOSSARY/DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of these guidelines, the following definitions shall apply:

- 1. "**Authority**" means the Rwanda Food and Drugs Authority or its acronym "Rwanda FDA", established under Law N⁰. 003/2018 of 09/02/2018.
- 2. "Abridged assessment" a limited independent assessment of specific parts of the dossier, or regulatory submission of data for suitability of use under local conditions and regulatory requirements, taking into account prior assessment (including dossier review and/or independent performance evaluation) and inspection outcomes from WHO prequalification or any Stringent Regulatory Authority (SRA) to inform the Authority's decision.
- 3. "Applicant" means the person by, or on whose behalf, an application for, an update or amendment to an existing registration, is made. After the product is registered, the applicant shall be the "Marketing Authorisation Holder".
- 4. "Collaborative procedure" procedure for collaboration between the Authority and WHO or any regulatory authority in the assessment and accelerated national registration of IVDDs.
- 5. "Conformity Assessment Body (CAB)" means A body, other than a regulatory authority, engaged in determining whether the relevant requirements in technical regulations or standards are fulfilled.
- 6. **"Law"** means Law N0 003/2018 of 09/02/2018 establishing the Rwanda FDA and determining its mission, organization and function
- 7. **"Local Technical Representative (LTR)"** means any corporate body registered in Rwanda and authorized by Rwanda FDA to deal with Medical Devices and In Vitro Diagnostics that has received a mandate from the Applicant to act on his/her behalf with regard to matters pertaining to registration of medical devices including IVDDs.
- 8. "In vitro diagnostic device (IVDD)" A device, whether used alone or in combination, intended by the manufacturer for the in vitro examination of specimens derived from the human body solely or principally to provide information for diagnostic, monitoring or compatibility purposes. This includes reagents, calibrators, control materials, specimen receptacles, software, and related instruments or apparatus or other articles

Note: IVD devices include reagents, calibrators, control materials, specimen receptacles, software, and related instruments or apparatus or other articles and are used, for example,

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- for the following test purposes: diagnosis, aid to diagnosis, screening, monitoring, predisposition, prognosis, prediction, determination of physiological status.
- 9. "Accessory to an IVDD" means an article intended specifically by its manufacturer to be used together with a particular IVD device to enable or assist that device to be used in accordance with its intended use.
 - 10. "**Label**" means any tag, brand, mark, pictorial or other descriptive matter, written, printed stenciled, marked, embossed or impressed on or attached to a container of any In Vitro Diagnostics Devices;
- 11. **Labeling**" is all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter (l) upon any article or any of its containers or wrappers, or (2) accompanying such article" at any time while a device is held for sale after shipment or delivery for shipment in interstate commerce.
 - The term "accompanying" is interpreted liberally to mean more than physical association with the product. It extends to posters, tags, pamphlets, circulars, booklets, brochures, instruction books, direction sheets, fillers (where applicable).
- 12. "Manufacture" means all operations that involve preparation, processing, filling transforming, packaging, repackaging and labelling of an IVDD;
- 13. "Manufacturer" means a person or a firm that is engaged in the manufacture of an IVDD:
- 14. "Medical device" means any instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, appliance, implant, software, material or other similar or related article, intended by the manufacturer to be used, alone or in combination, for human beings or animals, for one or more of the specific medical purpose(s) of: diagnosis, prevention, monitoring, treatment or alleviation of disease; diagnosis, monitoring, treatment, alleviation of or compensation for an injury; investigation, replacement, modification or support of the anatomy or of a physiological process; supporting or sustaining life; control of conception; disinfection of medical devices; providing information by means of in vitro examination of specimens derived from the human or animal bodies, and which does not achieve its primary intended action by pharmacological, immunological or metabolic means, in or on the human or animal body, but which may be assisted in its intended function by such means.
 - 15. "Fee" means the fee prescribed in Regulation CBD/TRG/004 related to regulatory services and fines.

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- 16. "Intended use/purpose" The objective intent of the manufacturer regarding the use of a product, process or service as reflected in the specifications, instructions and information provided by the manufacturer
- 17. **"Batch number (or lot number)"** a distinctive combination of numbers and/or letters which specifically identifies a batch on the labels, the batch records, etc.
- 18. "Packaging" means all operations, including filling and labelling, that a medical device has to undergo.
- 19. "Packaging material" means any material, including printed material, employed in the packaging of a medical device, excluding any outer packaging used for transportation or shipment.
- 20. "IVD test kit" an IVD test kit is an in vitro diagnostic Device (IVDD) that consists of reagents or articles that are from the same manufacturer; intended to be used in combination to complete a specific intended purpose; sold under a single test kit name or the labeling, instructions for use (IFU), brochures or catalogs for each reagents or article states that the component is intended for use with the IVD test kit; and compatible when used as a test kit.

Note: An IVD test kit does not include the instruments, such as analyzers needed to perform the test.

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INTRODUCTION

1.1. Background

Rwanda Food and Drugs Authority (Rwanda FDA) is established by the Law N° 003/2018 of 09/02/2018, especially in its article 8 and 9;

Considering the provisions of the technical regulations N^0 No DFAR/HMDAR/TRG/002 Rev_2 Governing Registration of Medical Devices including In Vitro Diagnostics, especially in its articles 6, 7, 13, 14, 16 and 35, the authority has issued Guidelines N^0 DAR/GDL/075 on Submission of documentation For Registration Of In Vitro Diagnostics Devices.

Manufacturers of all classes of IVDDs are expected to demonstrate conformity to the Essential Principles of Safety and Performance, through the preparation and holding of technical documentation that shows how each In Vitro Diagnostic device was developed, designed and manufactured together with the descriptions and explanations necessary to understand the manufacturer's determination with respect to such conformity. The technical documentation should be revised to reflect the current status of IVDDs through normal application of the manufacturer's QMS.

1.2. Scope

These guidelines shall apply to all In Vitro Diagnostics devices intended to be marketed in Rwanda. They provide guidance on the summary technical documentation to be submitted to the Authority for assessment and registration.

1.3. General principles

For the purpose of conformity assessment, the manufacturer should assemble information from existing technical documentation to provide evidence that the subject In Vitro Diagnostic device is in conformity with the Essential Principles. The information submitted shall reflect the status of the IVDD at a particular moment in time (e.g. at the moment of premarket submission or when requested) and is prepared in order to meet regulatory requirements.

The submission may contain summary information on selected topics and may contain detailed information on certain specific topics including the Essential Principles checklist - **EP checklist.** All information should be submitted in official language(s) and may also include, for example: abstracts, high level summaries, or existing controlled documents

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sufficient to communicate key relevant information and allow a reviewer to understand the subject and assess the validity of that information.

The EP checklist is created as part of the manufacturer's technical documentation and is controlled by the manufacturer's QMS. It provides a tabular overview of the Essential Principles and identifies those that are applicable to the IVDD, the chosen method of demonstrating that the device conforms to each relevant Essential Principle and the reference of the controlled document that is relevant to a specific Essential Principle. While many controlled documents are referenced in the EP checklist, only some may be contained within this submission. The cited references to the controlled documents also allow easy identification of additional relevant documents and data.

1.4. Submission of application

An application for In Vitro Diagnostics Devices registration for either a locally manufactured or imported IVVD shall be made in writing via a cover letter and application form dated and signed by the applicant. If the applicant is a foreign company, the applicant shall appoint a local technical representative through whom an application shall be submitted. The local technical representative shall be any corporate body registered in Rwanda and authorized by Rwanda FDA to deal with Medical Devices including In Vitro Diagnostics Devices that has received a mandate from the Applicant to act on his/her behalf with regard to matters in the relevant area.

The application should be submitted to Rwanda FDA through the authorized local technical Representative to the following address:

Director General

Rwanda Food and Drugs Authority

P. O. Box 1948 Kigali-Rwanda

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1.5. Types of IVDDs registration Applications

For the purposes of submission of an IVDD Dossier to Rwanda FDA, applications are classified into three categories as follows:

- 1. **New applications for registration/notification:** an application for registration/notification of In Vitro Diagnostics Devices that is intended to be placed on the Rwandan market for the first time or a device which was on the market without certificate of registration or notification.
- 2. **Renewal of product registration/notification:** Applications for renewal of a registered or notified In Vitro Diagnostic Device. The application shall be made at least 3 months before the expiry of existing registration/notification.
- 3. Variation of a registered/notified IVDD: an application for any change in the registered/notified In Vitro Diagnostic Device. All applications for variation to a registered/notified device shall be made according to requirements as stipulated in the Rwanda FDA Guidelines for Variation of Registered/notified In Vitro Diagnostics Devices.

1.6. Application Requirements

1.6.1. Application requirements for notification

- a) In Vitro Diagnostics Devices falling under class A which are in non-sterile state, non-active and non-measuring function shall apply for notification to the Authority. Applicants shall submit the following:
 - 1. Signed and dated original hard-copy of cover letter (Annex I)
 - 2. Signed and dated and duly filled in notification form (Annex III)
 - 3. Proof of payment of notification fee at the time of submission
 - 4. One commercial pack sample of the device or artwork (where applicable)

1.6.2. Application requirement for registration

- a) An application for In Vitro Diagnostics Devices registration in Rwanda shall include the following:
 - 1. Signed and dated original hard-copy of the cover letter (annex I)
 - 2. Signed and dated application form for the In Vitro Diagnostic Device registration (annex II)

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- 3. Proof of payment of registration fee at the time of submission as per regulations N⁰ CBD/TRG/004 related to regulatory service tariff/fees and fines.
- 4. Two CD-Rom or any other external driver containing STED in a selectable PDF.
- 5. Two commercial samples of the IVDD and certificate of conformity (where applicable), however additional samples might be required.
- b) An application for a prequalified In Vitro Diagnostics Devices registration in Rwanda shall also include the following:
 - 1. Consent of WHO prequalification holder for WHO to confidentially share information with Rwanda FDA under Abridged registration Procedure. Refer to WHO Appendix 2. Consent of WHO prequalification holder for WHO to confidentially share information with the NRA under the Procedure
 - 2. Expression of interest to be provided to the Authority along with the application. Refer to WHO Appendix 3, Part A Expression of interest to the national regulatory authorities (NRAs) in the assessment and accelerated national registration of a World Health Organization (WHO)-prequalified in vitro diagnostic

1.7. Receiving of new applications for IVDD registration

An application consists of soft and hard copies submission. The application for registration of In Vitro Diagnostics Devices is only received by the Authority when the payment of prescribed registration/notification fees is effected. After receiving a device registration application, a reference number is assigned to the application and it will be used in all subsequent correspondences relating to the application. An acknowledged receipt will be issued.

1.8. Rwanda FDA Dossier Notification Procedure

After receiving an application requesting notification, the Authority shall proceed with screening of the dossier for completeness based on the First in First out (FIFO) rules.

An IVDD dossier is reviewed by one assessor to verify completeness of requirements.

During the review, additional data and/or samples may be requested through an official communication letter. Once a query has been issued to the applicant, the notification process stops until the Authority receives a written response to the raised queries. Further processing of the application may only be undertaken if responses to queries issued in the official communication letter contains all outstanding information requested in one submission.

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Failure to comply with this condition or if the queries have been reissued for a **second** time and the applicant provides unsatisfactory responses, the application will be rejected.

In the event that the responses to the queries are not submitted within thirty (30) calendar days from the date they were issued, it will be considered that the applicant has withdrawn the application unless the applicant has requested for extension of deadline to the Authority.

Thereafter, registration of In Vitro Diagnostics Devices may only be considered upon submission of a new application.

In case the dossier is complete, the application will be scheduled for peer review. The applicant shall receive a certificate of notification within thirty (30) working days.

1.9. Rwanda FDA Dossier Registration Procedure

After receiving an application requesting registration, the Authority shall proceed with screening of the dossier for completeness. In the event that the dossier is incomplete, it will not be scheduled for assessment and the applicant will be notified within thirty (30) working days and requested to comply with requirements in writing. Devices under abridged assessment shall not undergo the screening process.

In case of a positive outcome during the screening, the application will be scheduled for assessment according to the First in First out (FIFO) rules. Priority assessment may be granted where the device is intended for diagnosis of rare disease conditions through an expression of interest (DHT/FMT/032) or in the case of emergency situation.

An IVDD dossier is reviewed by two assessors to provide scientific and regulatory oversight regarding the quality, safety and performance of the IVDD under assessment.

The Authority reserves the right to request any additional information to establish the quality, safety and performance of In Vitro Diagnostics Devices. During the assessment, additional data and/or samples may be requested through an official communication letter.

Samples may be analyzed in the Quality Control Laboratory in order to guide the Authority's final decision. Once a query has been raised and issued to the applicant, the assessment process stops until the Authority receives a written response to the raised queries. Further processing of the application may only be undertaken if responses to queries issued in the official communication letter contains all outstanding information requested in one submission. Failure to comply with this condition or if the queries have been reissued for a **fourth** time and the applicant provides unsatisfactory responses, the application will be rejected.

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In the event that the responses to the queries are not submitted within ninety (90) calendar days/thirty (30) calendar days for IVVDs undergoing abridged assessment procudure from the date they were issued, it will be considered that the applicant has withdrawn the application unless the applicant has requested for extension of deadline to the Authority.

Thereafter, registration of In Vitro Diagnostics Devices may only be considered upon submission of a new application.

In case the dossier is complete, the application will be scheduled for peer review.

Note: The Authority may rely on assessments and audits conducted by other recognized regulatory authorities or conformity assessment bodies (CABs); An abridged assessment procedure might then be conducted.

1.10. Compliance to the Quality Management System (QMS)

The QMS audit is part of the In Vitro Diagnostics Device registration process. The Authority should conduct inspection of the facility or use other means to verify whether the manufacturing site complies with QMS before an IVD is registered. All devices under class C and D shall undergo a QMS audit. During the assessment, assessors may highlight QMS's issues and communicate to the department that has the mandate of inspection and compliance.

QMS audit compliance of the manufacturing site of devices under the abridged assessment procedure shall be confirmed through desk review; however, if deemed necessary the Authority may conduct an onsite inspection.

More information on QMS requirements and application for QMS audit/GMP inspection is detailed in relevant guidelines.

1.11. Authority's Peer Review Committee for In Vitro Diagnostics Devices Registration/ notification

After a throrough dossier assessment, a final dossier assessment report shall be presented to the Authority's Peer Review Committee (PRC) before making final decisions for granting or rejecting market authorization of the IVDD.

In the event, that there are safety, quality or performance issues to be resolved as per the decision of the PRC, the application shall remain pending until the resolution of the raised issues. If the applicant fails to provide the required data within ninety (90) calendar days, the

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application shall be considered as withdrawn.

The Authority will register/ notify the IVDD in the event that data on safety, quality and performance or other requirements are considered satisfactory and a certificate of registration/ certificate of notification of IVDD will be granted. The registration shall be valid for a period of five (5) years, whereas the certificate of notification validity shall be three (3) years. In the event that the Authority suspends or cancels the registration/notification validity, a written official communication shall be issued to the applicant.

1.12. Timelines for In Vitro Diagnostics registration/notification

In Vitro Diagnostics Device dossiers shall be scheduled for assessment according to the First in First out (FIFO) basis upon compliance of the requirements.

A new application for registration shall be processed within:

- Thirty (30) calendar days for notification procedure
- Ninety (90) calendar days for the abridged assessment procedure
- Nine (9) months for full assessment procedure

Any additional data shall be submitted within:

- Thirty (30) calendar days for IVDDs undergoing notification procedure
- Thirty (30) calendar days for IVDDs undergoing abridged assessment procedure
- Ninety (90) calendar days undergoing full assessment procedure

1.13. Classification of In Vitro Diagnostics Devices

In Vitro Diagnostics Devices are classified into four classes based on risk levels (Class A represents the class with the lowest risk and Class D represents the class with the highest risk to the individual and/or to public health) *Table 1*. The classification of risks is based on the intended use and indications for use as specified by the manufacturer, the technical/scientific/medical expertise of the intended user (lay person or healthcare professional), the importance of the information to the diagnosis (sole determinant or one of several), taking into consideration the natural history of the disease or disorder including presenting signs and symptoms which may guide a physician and the impact of the result (true or false) to the individual and/or to public health.

Table 1: Classification examples for IVDDs

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CLASS	RISK LEVELS
A	Low (reagents, specimen receptacles, urine cups)
В	Low-Moderate (Pregnancy self-test,urine test) strips.
С	Moderate-High (Cardiac markers, Prothrombin time testing.)
D	High (tests to identify HIV, HCV, HBV, HTLV

Where an In Vitro Diagnostic Device falls into more than one class, the class representing the higher class shall apply.

Where one IVD is intended to be used together with a different IVDD, that may or may not be from the same manufacturer, a separate submission should be made and the conformity assessments of the IVDD shall be applied separately to each of the devices.

Whilst the manufacturer has the primary responsibility to classify its devices, the Authority may challenge the classification and will have the final say in deciding the class of the IVDDs.

1.14. Technical Documentation Requirements

All IVDDs in classes A, B, C & D require pre-market submission of technical documentation demonstrating conformity with Essential Principles, except for those requiring notification.

1.14.1. Format and data presentation of the dossier

The information must be organized in the Summary of Technical Documentation (STED) such that it incorporates the sections described in these guidelines.

1.14.1.1. Preparation, content and compilation of the dossier

Applicants are required to arrange the application dossier in the format described below:-

- i. Application form
- ii. Device Details
- iii. Registration status in different countries along with supporting documents (marketing authorization approval, free sale certificate, etc)
- iv. Summary technical documentation (where applicable)

v. Labelling information

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vi. Essential requirement checklist (where applicable)

Note: Failure to arrange the application dossier accordingly will lead to rejection of the application.

1.14.1.2. Evidence of Compliance with QMS

For the In Vitro Diagnostics Devices with higher risks the pre-registration GMP inspection or Quality Management System audit will be conducted to verify their compliance. The audit will be conducted on risk basis, however in most cases evidence of compliance to GMP or Quality Management System for IVDD provided by manufacturer will be adequate.

For IVDDs that require evidence of compliance to Quality Management System, a CE certificate issued by a Notified Body designated in Europe for the purposes of the In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Devices Directive (98/79/EC) (IVDD) will be accepted. (May also be referred to as an EU Certificate, an EC certificate or an EEC Certificate) ISO 13485 certificates issued by recognized Notified Bodies for the purposes of the IVDD will also be accepted.

CE and ISO 13485 certificates will only be accepted if they include acceptable evidence of good manufacturing practice (GMP) for IVDDs:

- Full legal name of the manufacturer of the goods, including trading names if appropriate.
- Street address of the manufacturing site (PO box is not acceptable)
- Date of the last audit/inspection.
- Standard of manufacture with which the manufacturer of the product(s) complies.
- Product(s) or type(s) of product(s) in sufficient detail to determine if the scope of the certificate is relevant to the IVDD to be supplied
- Date of issue
- Period of validity or expiry date (must be current)
- Notified Body number
- Notified Body name

1.14.2. Device details

1.14.2.1. Name(s)

State the generic and brand name (where applicable) of the IVDD.

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1.14.2.2. Description

Provide a general description on design, characteristics and performance of the IVDD. The description should also include information on device packaging.

1.14.2.3. Category/classification

State the class of the IVDD and the applicable classification rule as appended in Annex IV of these guidelines.

1.14.2.4. Intended Use/Indication

State the intended use of the IVDD and/or provide a general description of the disease or condition that the device will help diagnose, treat, prevent, or mitigate. The description of the target patient population for which the device is intended should also be included, whether it is automated or not, whether it is qualitative or quantitative; type of specimen it requires (serum, plasma, urine) and what the assay type is e.g. immunoassay, chemistry, cyto-chemistry, image analysis should be stated.

1.14.2.5. Instruction of Use

Give a concise summary of information for safe use of the device including procedures, methods, frequency, duration, quantity and preparation to be followed.

1.14.2.6. Contraindications

State conditions under which the IVDD should not be used. For example, a limitation of an assay using specimens from patients who have received preparations of mouse monoclonal antibodies for therapy when tested with assay kits which employed mouse monoclonal antibodies. It may show either false elevated or depressed values.

1.14.2.7. Warnings

State the specific hazard alert information that a user needs to know before using the IVDD. E.g. for products containing biological material, radioactive material, explosive material and any other hazardous material, safety warnings must be included.

1.14.2.8. Precautions

State briefly precautions to be taken and any special care necessary for the safe and effective use of the IVDD.

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1.14.2.9. Adverse effects/events

Describe all adverse and side effects associated with the IVDD under normal conditions of use.

1.14.2.10. Alternative Use

Describe any alternative practices or procedures for helping in diagnosis, treatment, or mitigation of the disease or condition for which the IVDD is intended.

1.14.2.11. Storage conditions

State the storage conditions for the IVDD.

1.14.2.12. Recommended shelf-life (where applicable)

State the recommended shelf-life of the IVDD.

1.14.3. Summary of Technical Documentation (STED)

1.14.3.1. Device description and features

Provide a detailed description of the device attributes that are necessary to explain how the device functions. These details should include:

- (a) Intended use of the In Vitro Diagnostic Device. This may include:
 - (i) What is detected
 - (ii) The function of the IVDD (e.g. screening, monitoring, diagnostic or aid to diagnosis, staging or aid to staging of disease);
 - (iii) The specific disorder, condition or risk factor of interest that is intended to detect, define or differentiate;
 - (iv) Whether the product is automated or not;
 - (v) Whether the test is qualitative or quantitative.
 - (vi) The type of specimen(s) required (e.g. serum, plasma, whole blood, sputum, urine)
 - (vii) The intended testing population (e.g. neonates, antenatal women)

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- (b) The intended user (laboratory professional and/or at point-of-care);
- (c) A general description of the principle of the assay method or instrument principles of operation.
- (d) A description of the components of the assay (e.g. reagents, assay controls and calibrators), and where appropriate, a description of the reactive ingredients of relevant components (such as antibodies, antigens, nucleic acid primers).
- (e) A description of the specimen collection and transport materials provided with the product or description of specifications recommended for use.
- (f) For instruments of automated assays: a description of the appropriate assay characteristics or dedicated assays.
- (g) For automated assays: a description of the appropriate instrumentation characteristics or dedicated instrumentation.
- (h) If applicable, a description of any software to be used with the product.
- (i) If applicable, a description or complete list of the various configuration/variants of product that will be made available. For example a family of pregnancy rapid test can consist of device available in different configurations, such as test strip or in a cassette.
- (j) If applicable, a description of the accessories, and other non IVD products that is intended to be used in combination with the IVDD.
- (k) Risk class and the applicable classification rule for the IVDD according to the classification rules in annex IV below

The instruction for use may be used to provide some of this information on the condition that a cross-reference to the different requirements is supplied in conjunction with the instructions-for-use.

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1.14.3.2. Evidence of Conformity to Essential Principles

Provide evidence of conformity to Essential Principles of Safety and Performance (EPSP) by completing the checklist appended as Annex V.

Note:

- (i) Manufacturer should identify the essential principles of safety and performance that are applicable to the device and the general methods used to demonstrate conformity to each applicable Essential Principle. The methods that may be used include:-
 - (a) Conformity with a recognized or other standard(s)
 - (b) Conformity with a commonly accepted industry test method (reference method)
 - (c) Conformity with appropriate in-house test methods that have been validated and verified;
 - (d) Comparison to an IVDD already available on the market.
- (ii) When the manufacturer uses national, international or other standards to demonstrate conformity with the Essential Principles, full title of the standard, identifying numbers, date of the standard and the organization that created the standard should be provided. (Essential Principles of Safety and Performance of Medical Devices http://www.ghtf.org).

The IVDD, to which the Essential Principles (EP) conformity checklist is applicable, should be identified by the brand name, common name and risk class on the checklist itself. The columns of the checklist should be completed as follows:

a) Applicable to the IVDD?

Either a "Yes" or "No" answer is required. If the answer is "No" there should be a brief explanation.

b) Method of conformity

State the title and reference of the standard(s), industry or in-house test method(s), comparison study(ies) or other methods to demonstrate compliance. For standards, this should include the

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date of the standard and where a standard is referred to more than once in the checklist, the reference number and date can be repeated.

c) Identity of specific documents

The column should contain the reference to the actual technical documentation that demonstrates compliance to the EP, i.e. the certificate number(s), test reports, study reports or other documents that resulted from the method used to demonstrate compliance, and its location within the technical documentation or dossier.

1.14.3.3. Risk Analysis

Provide a summary of the risks identified during the risk analysis process and how such risks have been controlled to an acceptable level. Preferably, the risk analysis should be based on recognized standards and be part of the manufacturer's risk management plan.

The summary should address possible hazards for the IVDD such as the risk from false positive or false negative results, indirect risks which may lead to erroneous results, or from user-related hazards, such as reagents containing infectious agents.

The results of the risk analysis should provide a conclusion with evidence that remaining risks are acceptable when compared to the benefits.

1.14.3.4. Design and Manufacturing Information

1.14.3.4.1. Product design

Provide information such as to give a general understanding of the design applied to the IVDD. It should include a description of the critical ingredients of an assay such as antibodies, antigens, enzymes and nucleic acid primers provided or recommended for use with the IVDD.

- i. For **instruments**, include a description of major subsystems, analytical technology (e.g. operating principles, control mechanisms), dedicated computer hardware and software.
- ii. For **instruments and software**, give an overview of the entire system, including an Architecture Design Chart which is typically a flowchart of the relationships among the major functional units in the software, including relationships to hardware and to data flows such as networking.

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- iii. For **standalone software**, include a description of the data interpretation methodology (i.e. algorithms).
- iv. For self-testing IVDDs the design should include a description of the design aspects that make it suitable for lay person use.
- v. If design takes place at multiple sites, a controlling site must be identified.

1.14.3.4.1.1. Formulation and composition

Provide formulation/composition for each of the ingredients;

(a) Materials

Provide complete details of material specifications, including raw materials;

- (i) All components of the IVDD should be listed, chemically and biologically characterized, including antibodies, antigens, and assay controls, substrates used to detect antigen-antibody complexes, and test reagents. Appropriate references should be cited.
- (ii) If synthetic peptides are used, the peptide sequence should be provided.
- (iii) If components are of biological origin or recombinant, the source must be indicated and details on production must be provided. These details would include the strain of the virus, the cell line for cultivation of the virus, sequences of relevant nucleic acids and amino acids, etc., used in the manufacturing process of viral lysate, purified proteins, recombinant and synthetic proteins.
- (iv) If applicable, process validation results to be provided to substantiate that manufacturing procedures are in place to minimize biological risks, in particular, with regard to viruses and other transmissible agents. This also includes inactivation of infectious organisms in reagents and the production of reagents.
- (v) If applicable, information to be provided on irradiating components, non-ionising or ionizing (e.g. Iodide- 131 in the Radioimmunoassay kit, radio-labelled Phosphorus-32 DNA probes in Southern blots)

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- (vi) If applicable, information to be provided on the poison or controlled substance (e.g Buprenorphine in drug assay kit)
- (vii) Give the nature and specification of the packaging material(s) including complete chemical and physical characterization of the packaging material making either direct or indirect contact with the IVDD.

Identify the sources of the materials from which the components are constructed.

(a) Biological Safety

List all biological components included in the IVDD to include material of bacterial, viral, parasitic, animal, or human origin or their derivatives where applicable. Indicate the name of the biological component, details of its use in the product and description of steps taken for the reduction of transmission or infection risk.

(b) Documentation of design change

Provide records of each design change, if any, with reasons for these changes along with associated validation/,data. Include evidence that the change achieves the desired effect, and that the product continues to comply with the Essential Principles of Safety and Performance.

1.14.3.4.2. Manufacturing Processes

1.14.3.4.2.1. Overview of Manufacturing Process

Provide information on the manufacturing process, which may be in form of a process flow chart, showing an overview of production including technologies used, assembly and packaging as well as details on each major step in the manufacturing process of the finished IVDD and Verification and validation for all stages of design and manufacturing process. Include details of any in-process and final device testing (e.g. the manufacturer's QC release program such as batch release criteria for the device, etc).

1.14.3.4.2.2. Sites of Manufacture

Provide the following information;

i. Name of site,

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- ii. Physical address of the site,
- iii. Description of the component manufacture/stage of manufacturing process carried out at the site,
- iv. A simple sight plan highlighting production areas and number of employees at the site,
- v. A description of any other manufacturing that occurs at the site;
- vi. A certified QMS certificate / equivalents for all sites

For all the critical manufacturing sites that are involved in the manufacture of this device (i.e. including design, warehousing and quality control stages of manufacture).

1.14.3.4.2.3. Key Suppliers

Provide a list of key suppliers of ingredients/products/services for the manufacture of the IVDD, indicating the;

- i. Name of the supplier,
- ii. Supplier's manufacturing site physical address
- iii. A description of the ingredient/product/service supplied
- iv. Evidence of purchasing and verification procedures for the ingredients/products/services sourced from these suppliers

1.14.3.5. Device Specifications

Describe functional characteristics and technical performance specifications for the device including as relevant, accuracy, sensitivity, specificity of measuring and other specifications including chemical, physical, mechanical, electrical and biological.

A list of the features, dimensions and performance characteristics of the IVDD its variants and accessories should be provided in the dossier and also made available to the end user.

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1.14.3.5.1. Device Verification and Validation

Summarize the results of verification and validation studies undertaken to demonstrate compliance of the IVDD with Essential Principles that apply to it. Whenever applicable the information should cover:

- i. The complete study protocol,
- ii. The method of data analysis,
- iii. Complete study report,
- iv. The study conclusion,
- v. Any published literature regarding the device or substantially similar devices.
- vi. Summaries or reports of tests and evaluations based on other standards, manufacturer methods and tests or alternative ways of demonstrating compliance. Declarations/certificate of compliance to a recognized standard as applied by the manufacturer should be provided.

When a recognized standard exists that contains the protocol and the method of data analysis, this information can be substituted by a declaration/certificate of conformity to the recognized standard. However, a summary of the data and conclusions should be provided. Where appropriate actual test results summaries with their acceptance criteria should be provided and not just pass/fail statements.

1.14.3.5.2. Specimen type

This section should describe the different specimen types that can be used, including their stability (and storage) conditions and is typically applicable to all systems and assay types.

- i. Stability includes storage and where applicable transport conditions. Storage includes elements such as duration, temperature limits and freeze/thaw cycles.
- ii. Summary information for each matrix and anticoagulant when applicable, including a description of the measurement procedure for comparison or determination of measurement accuracy. This includes information such as specimen type tested, number

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of samples, sample range (using spiked samples as appropriate) or target concentrations tested, calculations and statistical methods, results and conclusions.

1.14.3.6. Analytical performance characteristics

1.14.3.6.1. Accuracy of measurement

Provide information to describe both trueness and precision studies.

1.14.3.6.2. Trueness of measurement

Provide information on the trueness of the measurement procedure and summarize the data used to establish the trueness measures for both quantitative and qualitative assays.

(a) Precision of measurement

Provide information to describe repeatability and reproducibility studies.

(i) Repeatability

Provide detail on repeatability estimation and information about the studies used to estimate, as appropriate, within-run variability. Repeatability data is obtained for instrumentation in conjunction with an appropriate assay.

(ii) Reproducibility

Provide information on reproducibility estimates and information about the studies used to estimate, as appropriate, variability between days, runs, sites, lots, operators and instruments. Such variability is also known as "Intermediate Precision".

1.14.3.6.3. Analytical sensitivity

Provide information about the study design and results. Give a detailed description of specimen type and preparation including matrix, analyte (measured) levels, and how levels were established. The number of replicates tested at each concentration should also be provided as well as a description of the calculation used to determine assay sensitivity. For example:

- (i) Number of standard deviations above the mean value of the sample without analyte (measurand), commonly referred to as 'limit of blank' (LoB).
- (ii) Lowest concentration distinguishable from zero, based on measurements of samples containing analyte (measurand), commonly referred to as 'limit of detection, (LoD).

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Lowest concentration at which precision and/or trueness are within specified criteria, commonly refereed to as 'limit of quantitation' (LoQ).

1.14.3.6.4. Analytical specificity

Give information to describe interference and cross reactivity studies to determine the analytical specificity, defined as the ability of a measurement procedure to detect or measure only the analyte (measurand) to be detected, in the presence of other substances/agents in the sample.

Provide information on the evaluation of potentially interfering and cross reacting substances/agents on the assay. Information should be provided on the substance/agent type and concentration tested, sample type, analyte (measurand) test concentration, and results.

Interferents and cross reacting substances/agents, which vary greatly depending on the assay type and design, could derive from exogenous or endogenous sources such as:

Substances used for patient treatment (e.g. therapeutic drugs, alcohol, vitamins, foods, etc.), substances added during sample preparation (e.g. preservatives, stabilizers), substances encountered in specific specimen types (e.g. haemoglobin, lipids, bilirubin, proteins), and; analytes of similar structure (e.g. precursors, metabolites) or medical conditions unrelated to the test condition including specimens negative for the assay but positive for a condition that may mimic the test condition (e.g. for a hepatitis A assay: test specimens negative for hepatitis A virus, but positive for hepatitis B virus)

1.14.3.6.5. Metrological traceability of calibrator and control material values

The applicant shall summarize the information about metrological traceability of values assigned to calibrators and trueness control materials. Include, for reference materials and/or reference measurement procedures and a description of value assignment and validation.

1.14.3.6.5.1. Measuring range of the assay

Provide a summary of studies which define the measuring range (linear and non-linear measuring systems) including the limit of detection and describe information on how these were established. The summary should include a description of specimen type, number of samples, number of replicates, and preparation including information on matrix, analyte (measurand) levels and how levels were established. If applicable, add a description of high dose hook effect and the data supporting the mitigation (e.g. dilution) steps.

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1.14.3.6.5.2. Validation of assay cut-off

Provide a summary of analytical data with a description of the study design including methods for determining the assay cut-off, including: the population (s) studied, method or mode of characterization of specimens and statistical methods e.g. Receiver Operator Characteristic (ROC) to generate results and if applicable, define gray-zone/equivocal zone.

1.14.3.7. Stability (excluding specimen stability)

Describe claimed shelf life, in use stability and shipping studies.

1.14.3.7.1. Claimed shelf life

Provide information on stability testing studies, to support the claimed shelf life, performed on at least three different lots manufactured under conditions that are essentially equivalent to routine production conditions (these lots do not need to be consecutive lots). The summary should include:

- i. The study report (i.e. protocol, number of lots, acceptance criteria and testing intervals),
- ii. When accelerated studies have been performed in anticipation of the real time studies, the method used for accelerated studies;
- iii. Conclusion and claimed shelf life.

Note:

Shelf life can be derived from the lot with the longest real time stability data as long as accelerated or extrapolated data from all three lots are comparable.

1.14.3.7.2. In use stability

Provide information on in use stability studies for one lot reflecting actual routine use of the device (real or simulated). This may include open vial stability and/or, for automated instruments, on board stability.

In case of automated instrumentation if calibration stability is claimed, supporting data should be included sufficient to describe: the study protocol (i.e. protocol, acceptance criteria and testing intervals), conclusions and claimed in use stability.

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1.14.3.7.3. Shipping stability

Provide information on shipping stability studies for one lot to evaluate the tolerance of products to the anticipated shipping conditions, describing the study report (i.e. protocol, acceptance criteria), method used for simulated conditions, conclusion and recommended shipping conditions.

Shipping studies can be done under real and/or simulated conditions and should include variable shipping conditions such as extreme heat and/or cold.

1.14.3.8. Software Verification and Validation

Provide information on the software design and development process and evidence of the validation of the software, as used in the finished device. This information should typically include the summary results of all verification, validation protocol and report and testing performed both in-house and in a simulated or actual user environment prior to final release. It should also address all of the different hardware configurations and, where applicable, operating systems identified in the labelling.

1.14.3.9. Clinical Performance

Provide evidence of assessment and analysis of data generated from the clinical use of the product sufficient enough to verify the clinical safety of the IVDD. Include claims for clinical/diagnostic sensitivity and specificity. All claims should be supported by well-designed performance evaluations which should include:

- (a) A detailed written plan and protocol of the evaluation study
- (b) Dates on which the study was performed and by which site
- (c) A written report on the outcome of the study; all anomalous results should be explained and justified. The report outline should contain,
 - i. The technology on which the device is based, the intended use of the device and any claims made about the device's clinical performance or safety.
 - ii. The nature and extent of the clinical data that has been evaluated; and,

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- iii. How the referenced information (recognized standards and/or clinical data) demonstrate the clinical performance and safety of the device in question.
- (d) Details of the IVDD lots/batches used for the evaluation including lot number, date of expiry, and storage conditions of the product prior to and during study.
- (e) The clinical evaluation report should be signed and dated by evaluator(s) and accompanied by manufacturer's justification of the choice of evaluator.

The clinical evaluation report should be summarized as per required information elaborated above.

1.14.4. Labelling Requirements

Labelling information shall be in English, French and/or Kinyarwanda and shall be expressed in a legible, permanent and prominent manner that can be easily understood by the intended user. Provide a complete set of labeling associated with the IVDD including immediate and outer container labels on the IVDD, instructions for use.

The labeling should contain the final content as determined by the manufacturer.

Depending on the type of device, the following minimum information should be provided on the label:

- (a) The name of the IVDD shall be indicated. If the name does not uniquely identify the IVDD, an additional means of identification shall also be provided.

 Examples: Catalogue number, commodity number
- (b) the name and address of the manufacturer
- (c) the identifier of the device, including the identifier of a device that is part of a system, test kit, or device class.
- (d) batch or lot number
- (e) Contents: if the contents are not readily apparent, an indication of what the package contains, expressed in terms appropriate to the device, such as size, net weight, length, volume or number of units, volume after reconstitution shall be indicated

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- (f) the words "Sterile" if the manufacturer intends to sell the IVDD in a sterile condition
- (g) the word "For Single Use Only" shall be included if the IVDD is intended for single use
- (h) In vitro diagnostics use: The In vitro diagnostics use of the device shall be indicated e.g. "For In vitro diagnostics use" or graphical symbol: "In vitro diagnostic device".
- (i) The Expiry date: An expiry date based upon the storage instructions shall be indicated and shall follow the requirements of ISO 8601. Expiry dates shall be expressed as the year, the month and where relevant, the day. E.g. "YYYY-MM-DD" or "YYYY-MM".
- (j) Unless self-evident to the intended user, the medical conditions, purposes and uses for which the device is manufactured, sold or represented, including the performance specifications of the device if those specifications are necessary for proper use
- (k) the directions for use, unless directions are not required for the device to be used safely and effectively
- (l) Warning and precautions: If an IVDD is considered hazardous, the outer container label shall include the appropriate danger wording or symbol(s) e.g. chemical, radioactive and biological hazards
- (m) Storage and Handling conditions: The storage conditions necessary to maintain the stability of the reagents, calibrators, control materials in the unopened state and other IVDDs shall be indicated. If there are any other conditions that may affect the handling or storage of the reagents, calibrators, control materials and other IVDDs shall be specified e.g. Fragile
- (n) Intended use: If the intended use is not indicated by the name of the IVDD, then an abbreviated intended use statement shall be given or included in the instruction for use. e.g. For measurement of plasma glucose concentration

In case the device is intended to be sold to the general public, labeling information:-

i. Shall be set out on the outside of the package that contains the device; and be visible under normal conditions of sale

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ii. where a package that contains a device is too small to display all the information in accordance with (a-k) above, the directions for use shall accompany the device but need not be set out on the outside of the package or be visible under normal conditions of sale.

Specimen label(s), promotional material(s) and user manual(s) should be provided.

Note:

Requirements that have been described in a respective standard should also be followed when labelling a device.

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REFERENCES

- 1. IMDRF/IVD WG/N64FINAL:2021. Principles of In Vitro Diagnostic (IVD) Medical Devices Classification
- 2. EAC/TF-MED/MER/FD/DEVICES/N2R0. Requirements for Assessment and Market Authorization of In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Devices
- 3. WHO Global Model Regulatory Framework for Medical Devices including In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Devices
- 4. WHO/BS/2020.2397. Annex 4: Collaborative procedure between the World Health Organization and national regulatory authorities in the assessment and accelerated national registration of WHO-prequalified in vitro diagnostics

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ENDORSEMENT OF THE GUIDELINES

	Author	Chec	cked by	Approved by
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Date				

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APPENDICES		
Annex I: cover letter	QMS N°: DAR/FMT/031 Revision No: 1 Effective Date: 16/06/2022	
Cover Letter		
		<applicant> <address></address></applicant>
		<postal code=""><town></town></postal>
<applicant's reference=""> <rwanda fda=""> <p.o.box:1948><kigali_r< td=""><td>wanda></td><td></td></kigali_r<></p.o.box:1948></rwanda></applicant's>	wanda>	
Dear Sir/Madam,		
Subject: Submission of A device(s) >	pplication Dossier(s) for Marke	ting Authorization of < Medical
-	r Application Dossier(s) for a regi	
Name of the Medical device	ee(s) /IVDD(s):	
Classification of the Medic		
_		mmary of technical documentation
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The proof of payment.
We confirm that the electronic submission has been checked with up-to-date and state-of the-art antivirus software.
Type of Submission: □Full registration Application □Abridge Application notification
sample(s) submitted
Application for QMS audit/GMP inspection has been made to Rwanda FDA (as per relevant guidelines)
I confirm that the Product Dossier information submitted is the same in all aspects as the product registered with the relevant SRA, WHO PQ and EAC (Only for Abridge Application)
I, the undersigned certify that all the information in this form and accompanying documentation is correct, complete and true to the best of my knowledge
Yours sincerely,
<signature></signature>
<name></name>
<title></td></tr><tr><td><Phone number(s)></td></tr><tr><td><Email address></td></tr><tr><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>

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Annex II: Application form

Document Type: FORM	Department/Division/ Directorate	Food and Drugs Registration/ HM	
	Title:	Doc. No	:DAR/FOM/050
	Application Form for Medical Devices and In	Revision Number	: 2
	Vitro Diagnostics Devices	Revision Date:	: 09/05/2022
Salar Carrier	(IVDDs) registration	Effective Date	: 16/06/2022
RWANDA FDA Rwanda Food and Drugs Authority		Review Due Date	: 16/06/2025
		Ref Doc.	:DHT/GDL/024
Application Number	Rwanda FDA use only		
Date of submission of doss	ier Rwanda FDA use only		
1.0 PARTICULARS OF The application)	HE MEDICAL DEVICE or IV	DD (Bold or Tic	k the right type of
1.1 Type of applicat	ion		
• New	• full registration • abridge	d registration	
Renewal			
• Variation*			
* If variation submitted.	has been made, information	supporting the c	hanges should be
1.2 Name of the Me	dical Device or IVDD		
1.3 Classification of	the Medical Device or IVDD		
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1.4	Intended use of the Medical Device or IVDD
1.5	Name and address (physical and postal) of Applicant
	Address:
	Country:
	Telephone:
	Telefax:
	E-Mail:
1.6	Name and address (physical and postal) of manufacturer
	Address:
	Country:
	Telephone:
	Telefax:
	E-Mail
1.7	Visual description of the Medical Device or IVDD
1.8	Proposed shelf life (in months) (where applicable):

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1.9	Proposed storag	e conditions (where applicable):	
1.10	Other sister/var registration	iants of the medical device (s) or	IVD (s) registered or applied for
1.11	list all accessori	es that are manufactured/ sold with	the devices
1.12		Marketing Authorization(s) of oth vices (IVDDs) in any of the East A	er medical device(s) or In Vitro frican Community (EAC)?
	• No If yes state Med	ical Device(s) or IVDD(s) name:	
	Regulatory Autl	nority(ies) where product is authori	zed:
	Marketing author	orization number(s):	
	Indication(s):		
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1.13		Authorization(s) of medical device(s) or In Vitro ny of the country of East African Community u have applied for registration:
1.14	Country of origin (where the device	was manufactured)
1.15	Device Marketing Authorization in the country of origin (Attach Marketing Authorization of the Medical Device or IVDD from the National Regulatory	
	Authority). If not registered, state re	easons
	Authorized Country:	Withdrawn (by the applicant after
	Date of authorization:	authorization) Country:
	Authorization number:	Date of withdrawal: Reason of withdrawal:
	Refused Country:	Reason of withdrawar.
	Date of refusal:	Suspended/revoked (by competent)
	Reason of refusal:	authority) Country:
		Date of suspension/revocation:
		Reason for suspension/revocation:

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1.16	Name(s) and physical address(es) of the manufacturing site(s) of the Medical Device or IVDD. Alternative sites should be also declared here.		
	All manufacturing sites involved in the manufacturing process of the device, stating the role of each including quality control / in-process testing sites should be listed.		
	Address:		
	Country:		
	Telephone:		
	Telefax:		
	E-Mail:		
1.17	Name and address (physical and postal) of the Agent/Local Technical Representative (LTR) (Attach a valid appointment letter notarized from the country of origin):		
	Address:		
	Country:		
	Telephone:		
	Telefax:		
	E-Mail:		
1.18		ess (physical and postal) of nce and Post Marketing Surve	the person or company responsible for illance:
	Address:		
	Country:		
	Telephone:		
	Telefax:		
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	E-Mail:		
1.19	Declaration of O Medical Device		s used in the manufacturing of the
1.20	Qualitative and applicable)	Quantitative composition of th	e Medical Device or IVDD (If
1.21	where the clini applicable)		Contract Research Organisation(s) ce or IVDD were conducted. (If
	Address:		
	Country:		
	Telephone:		
	Telefax:		
	E-Mail:		
2.0 DECL	ARATION BY T	HE APPLICANT	
I,			the undersigned certify that all the
informatio	information in this form and accompanying documentation is correct, complete and true to the best of my knowledge.		
verification	I further confirm that the information referred to in my application dossier is available for verification during Quality audit inspection. I also agree that I shall carry out pharmacovigilance and Post marketing Surveillance to monitor the safety, quality and performance of the device on the market and provide safety, quality and performance update reports to Rwanda FDA.		
I further	agree that I am	obliged to follow the requirement	ents of Rwanda Legislations and
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Regulations, which are applicable to Medical Devices and IVDDs. I also consent to the
processing of information provided to Rwanda FDA. It is hereby confirmed that fees will be
paid/have been paid according to the authority's rules*
Signature:
Date:
* Note: If fees have been paid, attach proof of payment

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Annex III: Notification form

Document	Type: FORM	Department Directorate	/Division/		Drugs Assessment and n/ HMDAR Division
	27	Title:		Doc. No	:DAR/FOM/187
A LEASE	111	Application		Revision N	Tumber: 0
			evices and In	Revision D	Date: : 09/05/2022
3		Vitro Devices	Diagnostics (IVDDs)	Effective D	Date :16/06/2022
RWA Rwanda Foo	NDA FDA od and Drugs Authority	notification		Review Du Date	:16/06/2025
Property of the Control of the Contr				Ref Doc.	:DHT/GDL/024
Application	on Number	Rwand	la FDA use only	y	
Date of su	bmission of doss	ier Rwand	la FDA use only	y	
		HE MEDICA	L DEVICE or I	VDD (Bold	or Tick the right type of
application 1.1	Type of applicat	tion			
1.1	• New				
	Renewal				
	• Variation*				
	* If variation has been made, information supporting the changes should be				
	submitted.				
1.2	Name of the Medical Device or IVDD				
1.3	Classification of the Medical Device or IVDD				
1.0	Classification of the Medical Device of TVDD				
1.4	Intended use of the Medical Device or IVDD				
	Intended years				
	Intended user: Professional				
	Floressional				
	self user				
1.5	1.5 Name and address (physical and pasts)) of Applicant				
	1.5 Name and address (physical and postal) of Applicant				
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			Tice	D + 16/06/2022	
Revision No.:0 Approval date:			Effecti	ve Date: 16/06/2022	

	T		
	Address:		
	Country:		
	Telephone:		
	Telefax:		
	E-Mail:		
1.6	Name and addre	ess (physical and postal) of manufactures	acturer
	Address:		
	Country:		
	Telephone:		
	Telefax:		
	E-Mail		
1.7	Visual description	on of the Medical Device or IVDD	
1.8	Proposed shelf l	ife (in months) (where applicable)	:
		(Tr	
1.9	Proposed storag	e conditions (where applicable):	
	l roposou storug	e conditions (where approache).	
1.10	Other regulatory authority(ies) approval(s) (i.e. European conformity (CE) mark,		
	United States Fo	ood and Drug Administration (USF	FDA) approval, etc)
1.11	Country of origin (where the device was manufactured)		
1.12	Name(s) and physical address(es) of the manufacturing site(s) of the Medical Device		
	or IVDD. Alterr	native sites should be also declared	here.
	All manufacturi	ng sites involved in the manufactu	uring process of the device, stating
		including quality control / in-proce	
	Address:		_
	Country:		
	Telephone:		
	Telefax:		
	E-Mail:		
1.13	Name and addre	ess (physical and postal) of the Ago	ent/Local Technical Representative
1.13	Name and address (physical and postal) of the Agent/Local Technical Representative (LTR) (Attach a valid appointment letter notarized from the country of origin):		
	Address:		
	Country:		
	•		
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	T-11		
	Telephone:		
	Telefax:		
	E-Mail:		
1.14	Declaration of Conformity specifying all standards used in the manufacturing of the Medical Device or IVDD		
1.15	Global Medical Device		
	Nomenclature (GMDN) Name		
	GMDN Code		
1.16	Version of the product insert (attach a copy of relevant labeling including the Instruction For Use (IFU))		
2.0 DECL	ARATION BY THE APPLICANT		
I,	,the undersigned certify that all the		
	on in this form and accompanying documentation is correct, complete and true to the		
	his norm and accompanying documentation is correct, complete and true to the howledge.		
-	e		
	confirm that the information referred to in my application dossier is available for		
	on during Quality audit inspection. I also agree that I shall carry out pharmacovigilance		
	marketing Surveillance to monitor the safety, quality and performance of the device on		
	et and provide safety, quality and performance update reports to Rwanda FDA.		
	agree that I am obliged to follow the requirements of Rwanda Legislations and		
	ns, which are applicable to Medical Devices and IVDDs. I also consent to the		
_	ng of information provided to Rwanda FDA. It is hereby confirmed that fees will be		
paid/have	been paid according to the authority's rules*		
Signature:			
Date:			
* Note: If	fees have been paid, attach proof of payment		

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Annex IV : Classification rules of Invitro Diagnostics Devices (IVDDs)

Rule 1:	IVDDs intended for the following purposes are classified as Class D: ● Devices intended to be used to detect the presence of, or exposure to, a transmissible agent in blood, blood components, cells, tissues or organs or any of their derivatives, in order to assess their suitability for transfusion, transplantation or cell administration. ● Devices intended to be used to detect the presence of, or exposure to, a transmissible agent that causes a life-threatening, disease with a high or suspected risk of propagation; Rationale: The application of this rule as defined above should be in accordance with the rationale that follows: Devices in this Class are intended to be used to ensure the safety of blood and blood components for transfusion and/or cells, tissues and organs for transplantation. In most cases, the result of the test is the major determinant as to whether the donation/product will be used. Serious diseases are those that result in death or long-term disability, that are often incurable or require major therapeutic interventions and where an accurate diagnosis is vital to mitigate the public health impact of the condition. Examples: Tests to detect infection by HIV, HCV, HBV, HTLV; HIV blood donor screening and HIV blood diagnostics. This rule applies to first-line assays, confirmatory assays, and supplemental assays.
Rule 2:	IVDDs intended to be used for blood grouping, or to determine foetomaternal blood group incompatibility, or tissue typing to ensure the immunological compatibility of blood, blood grouping for cell administration, blood components, cells, tissue, or organs that are intended for transfusion or transplantation, are classified as Class C, except when intended to determine the presence of the antigen or antibody for any of the following markers: ABO system [A (ABO1), B (ABO2), AB (ABO3)], Rhesus system [RH1 (D), RH2 (C), RH3 (E), RH4 (c), RH5 (e), and weak or partial Rh(D)], Kell system [Kel1 (K)], Kidd system [JK1 (Jka), JK2 (Jkb)]; or Duffy system [FY1 (Fya), FY2 (Fyb)], in which case they are classified as Class D. Rationale: The application of this rule as defined above should be in accordance with the rationale for this rule, which is as follows: A high individual risk, where an erroneous result would put the patient in an imminent life-threatening situation,

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places the device into Class D. The rule divides blood-grouping devices into two
subsets, Class C or D, depending on the nature of the blood group antigen the IVD
medical device is designed to detect, and its importance in a transfusion setting.
Examples: HLA, Rhesus system, Duffy system (other Duffy systems except those
listed in the rule as Class D are in Class C).

Rule 3: IVDDs are

IVDDs are classified as Class C if they are intended for use:

- in detecting the presence of, or exposure to, a sexually transmitted agent. Examples: Sexually transmitted diseases, such as Chlamydia trachomatis, Neisseria gonorrhoeae.
- in detecting the presence in cerebrospinal fluid or blood of an infectious agent with a risk of limited propagation.

Examples: Neisseria meningitidis or Cryptococcus neoformans.

• in detecting the presence of an infectious agent, if there is a significant risk that an erroneous result would cause death or severe disability to the individual, foetus or embryo being tested or to the individual's offspring.

Examples: diagnostic assay for CMV, Chlamydia pneumoniae, Methicillin Resistant Staphylococcus aureus.

• in pre-natal screening of women in order to determine their immune status towards transmissible agents.

Examples: Immune status tests for Rubella or Toxoplasmosis.

• in determining infective disease status or immune status, and where there is a risk that an erroneous result will lead to a patient management decision resulting in an imminent life-threatening situation or severe disability for the patient or for the patient's offspring.

Examples: Enteroviruses, CMV and HSV in transplant patients.

- in screening for selection of patients for selective therapy and management as companion diagnostics
- in screening, diagnosis or staging of cancer;

Examples: PSA, CEA, and CA 125.

Note: those IVDDs where the therapy decision would usually be made only after further investigation and those used for monitoring would fall into class B under rule 6.

• in human genetic testing

Examples: Huntington's Disease, Cystic Fibrosis.

- to monitor levels of medicines, substances or biological components, when there is a risk that an erroneous result will lead to a patient management decision resulting in an immediate life-threatening situation for the patient or for the patient's offspring. Examples: Troponin, Cyclosporin, Prothrombin time testing.
- in the management of patients suffering from a life-threatening disease or condition. Examples: HBV monitoring marker, HCV viral load, HIV Viral Load and HIV and HCV geno- and subtyping

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	 in screening for congenital disorders in the foetus or embryo. Examples: Spina Bifida, Down Syndrome, Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase Deficiency, and Tay-Sachs disease. in screening for congenital disorders in new-born babies where failure to detect and treat such disorders could lead to life-threatening situations or severe disabilities. Rationale: The application of this rule as defined above should be in accordance with the rationale for this rule, which is as follows: devices in this Class present a moderate public health risk, or a high individual risk, where an erroneous result would put the patient in an imminent life-threatening situation, or would have a major negative impact on outcome. The devices provide the critical, or sole, determinant for the correct diagnosis and monitoring. They may also present a high individual risk because of the stress and anxiety resulting from the information and the nature of the possible follow-up measures.
Rule 4:	IVDDs intended for use by lay users (such as for self-testing or nearpatient testing) are classified as Class C, except: those devices from which the result is not determining a critical situation, in which case they are classified under Class B, and those devices which are classified under Class D by Rule 1 and/or Rule 2. Rationale: The application of this rule as defined above should be in accordance with the rationale for this rule, which is as follows: in general, these devices may be used by lay user. Example for self-testing class C: Blood glucose monitoring. Example for self-testing class B: Pregnancy self-test, fertility testing, and urine test strips.
Rule 5:	The following IVDDs are classified as Class A: • Reagents or other articles, which possess no critical characteristics intended by the manufacturer to make them suitable for in vitro diagnostic procedures related to a specific examination; • Instruments intended by the manufacturer specifically to be used for in vitro diagnostic procedures. • Specimen receptacles. Note 1: Any product for general laboratory use which is not specifically intended by the manufacturer to be used in in vitro diagnostic applications is not deemed to be an IVDD, as defined in this document. Rationale: The application of this rule as defined above should be in accordance with the rationale for this rule which is as follows: these devices present a low individual
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	risk and no or minimal public health risk. Examples: General culture media (excluding the dehydrated powders which are considered not to be a finished IVDD), wash solutions, plain urine cup, , and microbiological specimen collection devices. Note 2: The performance of software or an instrument that is specifically required to perform a particular test will be assessed at the same time as the respective reagent(s).
Rule 6:	IVDDs not covered in Rules 1 through 5 are classified as Class B. Rationale: The application of this rule as defined above should be in accordance with the rationale for this rule which is as follows: These devices present a moderate individual risk as they are not likely to lead to an erroneous result that would cause death or severe disability, have a major negative impact on patient outcome or put the individual in immediate danger. The devices give results that are usually one of several determinants. If the test result is the sole determinant, but other information is available, such as presenting signs and symptoms or other clinical information, which may guide a physician, classification into Class B may be justified. Other appropriate controls may also be in place to validate the results. This Class also includes those devices that present a low public health risk because they detect infectious agents that are not easily propagated in a population. Examples: Blood gases, H. pylori test, physiological markers such as hormones, vitamins, and enzymes, metabolic markers, specific IgE assays and celiac disease markers, and tests for anti-nuclear antibody, sex hormone-binding globulin (SHBG), blood urea nitrogen (BUN), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), alkaline phosphatase (ALP), creatinine and HbA1c.
Rule 7:	IVDDs that are controls without a quantitative or qualitative assigned value will be classified as Class B. Rationale: For such controls, the qualitative or quantitative value is assigned by the user and not the manufacturer. Examples: Urinalysis controls and chemistry controls.

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Annex V: Essential Principle checklist of Medical Devices including IVDDs

Document Type: CHECKLI	Document Type: CHECKLI Department/Division/		Food and Drugs Assessment and	
	Directorate	Registration/ HN	IDAR Division	
	Title:	Doc. No	:DAR/CKL/077	
	Essential Principle checklist of Medical	Revision Number	: 1	
	Devices including IVDDs	Revision Date:	:	
RWANDA FDA		Effective Date	:16/06/2022	
Rwanda Food and Drugs Authority		Review Due Dat	:16/06/2025	
		Ref Doc.	: DHT/GDL/024	

ESSENTIAL REQUIREMENTS CHECK LIST							
Brand na	ame :	Generic name:		-	RISK		CLASS:
Clause	Essential P	rincipal	Applicable to the device?		thod of formity	Identity specific Documen	of
1.	Medical designed such a way the cond purposes applicable, technical leducation medical arof intend perform manufacture the clinical of patient	devices should be and manufactured in y that, when used under itions and for the intended and, where by virtue of the knowledge, experience, or training, and the nd physical conditions are users, they will as intended by the rer and not compromise I condition or the safety s, or the safety and f users or, where					
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be associonstitute weighed the paties	hat any risks which may iated with their use acceptable risks when against the benefits to and are compatible the level of protection of		
manufacture conform taking ac acknowled When risk the manufacture following order listed identify hazards associated intended misuse; eliminate reasonably inherently manufacture reduce as practicable taking measures,	known or foreseeable and estimate the risks arising from the use and foreseeable risks as far as y practicable through safe design and are; s far as is reasonably the the remaining risks by adequate protection including alarms; and		
3. Medical the performanufactum anufactum	devices should achieve mance intended by the area and be designed and ared in such a way that uitable for their intended		
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	purpose.				
4.	performances Clauses 1, 2 adversely a degree that the patient of applicable, of compromised of the device manufacturer subjected to can occur conditions of properly accordance	and 3 should not be ffected to such a he health or safety of the user and, where of other persons are during the lifetime e, as indicated by the the stresses which			
5.	Medical devices should be designed, manufactured and packaged in such a way that their characteristics and performances during their intended use will not be adversely affected by transport and storage conditions (for example, fluctuations of temperature and humidity) taking account of the instructions and information provided by the manufacturer.				
6.	Medical devices should achieve their intended performance during normal conditions of use. All known, and foreseeable risks, and any undesirable effects, should be minimized and be acceptable when weighed against the benefits of the intended performance.				
	ESSENTIAL	PRINCIPLES			
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DI	PPLICABLE TO MEDICA EVICES OTHER THAN IV EVICES			
$\overline{\underline{\mathbf{M}}}$	ESIGN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	D		
pro Th an as an cla sh the pa an fla the ma tis tak pu the sh ma	nemical, physical & biological operties ne devices should be designed an anufactured in such a way to ensure the characteristical deperformance referred to be ause 6. Particular attention ould be paid to: ne choice of materials used articularly as regards toxicited, where appropriate atterials used and biological such as a possibility between the atterials used and biological such as a possibility between the atterials used and biological such as a possibility between the atterials used and biological such as a possibility between the atterials used and biological such as a possibility between the atterials used and biological strength atters such as hardness, we are defaulted attered attered at the such as hardness, we are defaulted attered at the such as hardness, we are defaulted attered at the such as hardness, we are defaulted attered at the such as hardness, we are defaulted attered at the such as hardness, we are defaulted attered at the such as hardness, we are defaulted at the such as hardness.	d y es n n d, y e, de al ds d d e,		
ma suc po res in the acc of att	ne devices should be designed anufactured and packaged in the chain and packaged in the chain and sidues to the persons involved the transport, storage and use of the devices and to patients, taking count of the intended purpose the product. Particulate the product of the paid to tissue the posed and to the duration and equency of exposure.	n k d d d of g se ar es		
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7.3	and manufact that they can the material gases with we contact durin during routin devices are in medicinal prodesigned an such a way with the concerned provisions governing the their perform	should be designed tured in such a way be used safely with ls, substances and which they enter into g their normal use or ne procedures; if the ntended to administer oducts they should be d manufactured in as to be compatible medicinal products according to the and restrictions ese products and that ance is maintained in with the intended use.			
7.4	and manufact as to reduce practicable a risks posed may leach device. Specigiven to su	should be designed tured in such a way as far as reasonably and appropriate the by substances that or leak from the cial attention shall be betances which are mutagenic or toxic on.			
7.5	manufactured reduce as practicable a posed by the or egress of from the account the control of t	and appropriate risks unintentional ingress substances into or device taking into device and the nature onment in which it is			
8.	Infection	& microbial			
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8.1	processes she such a way reduce as practicable arisk of infect and, where persons. The allow easy honecessary: reduce as practicable amicrobial lea and/or microuse, prevent microfice the device applicable, bother person.	and manufacturing ould be designed in as to eliminate or to far as reasonably and appropriate the ion to patients, users applicable, other design should: nandling, and, where far as reasonably and appropriate any kage from the device bial exposure during robial contamination e or specimen, where y the patient, user or			
8.2	special mi should be de and package remain so ve market and transport and	elled as having a crobiological state signed, manufactured ed to ensure they when placed on the remain so under the d storage conditions the manufacturer.			
8.3	should be de- and package pack, and/ appropriate p that they are on the marke under the tr conditions manufacturer packaging is	procedures, to ensure e sterile when placed et and remain sterile, ransport and storage indicated by the r, until the protective damaged or opened.			
8.4	Devices labe	elled either as sterile			
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0.5	microbiologic been proce and, if appl appropriate,	aving a special cal state should have essed, manufactured licable, sterilized by validated methods.			
8.5	should be appropriately	manufactured in controlled (e.g. al) conditions.			
8.6	devices she integrity and product and, be sterilize minimize th contamination system shoul account of	indicated by the			
8.7	The labelling of the device should distinguish between identical or similar products placed on the market in both sterile and non-sterile condition.				
9. 9.1	substance c medicinal pro Where a de- an integral which, if use considered product/drug relevant leg within that ju is liable to ac action ancill device, the	part, a substance of separately, may be to be a medicinal as defined in the islation that applies urisdiction and which to tupon the body with lary to that of the safety, quality and			
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	performance	of the device as a			
	whole should	d be verified, as well			
	as the safety	, quality and efficacy			
	of the subst	ance in the specific			
	application,				
10.		vices incorporating			
		oiological origin			
10.1		risdictions products			
		g tissues, cells and			
		f animal origin may			
		d medical devices. In			
		ch tissues, cells and			
		hould originate from			
		have been subjected ary controls and			
	to veterina surveillance	adapted to the			
		se of the tissues.			
		ulations may require			
	_	nufacturer and/or the			
	Regulatory				
		on the geographical			
		animals. Processing,			
	_	testing and handling			
	1 -	ells and substances of			
	animal origi	n should be carried			
	out so as to p	provide optimal safety			
	for patients, users and, where				
	applicable, other persons. In				
	particular, safety with regard to				
	viruses and other transmissible				
	agents should be addressed by				
	implementation of validated				
	methods of elimination or				
		in the course of the			
10.2	manufacturin	g process. risdictions products		+	
10.2		-			
	incorporating human tissues, cells and substances may be considered				
	medical devices. In this case, the				
	selection of sources, donors				
		stances of human			
	origin,	the processing,			
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L					

of tissues, such origin so as to propatients, applicable, particular, viruses ar agents sho implement methods inactivation manufacture of microl	n, testing and handling cells and substances of a should be carried out ovide optimal safety for users and, where other persons. In safety with regard to d other transmissible ould be addressed by ation of validated of elimination or in the course of the ting process. jurisdictions products and cells and substances of the medical devices. In	
this preservation of cells and carried on optimal sa and, whe persons. In regard to transmissible addressed validated in or inactiva	case, processing, in, testing and handling disubstances should be at so as to provide fety for patients, users are applicable, other in particular, safety with viruses and other ale agents should be by implementation of methods of elimination ion in the course of the ring process.	
11.1 If the device combination equipment, combination connection and show specified	n, including the system should be safe	
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applying to	such combinations			
should be	indicated on the			
labelling an	d/or in the instructions			
for use. Co	onnections which the			
user has to	handle, such as fluid,			
gas trans:	fer or mechanical			
coupling, s	hould be designed and			
constructed	in such a way as to			
minimize a	ll possible risks from			
incorrect co	nnection.			
11.2 Devices she	ould be designed and			
manufacture	ed in such a way as to			
remove or	reduce as far as			
reasonably	practicable and			
appropriate:	-			
	injury to the patient,			
user or	other persons in			
connection	with their physical and			
ergonomic f				
_	use error due to the			
ergonomic	features, human			
factors and	the environment in			
which the d	evice is intended to be			
used;				
risks conne	cted with reasonably			
	external influences or			
environmen	tal conditions, such as			
magnetic fie	elds, external electrical			
and elect	romagnetic effects,			
electrostation	discharge, radiation			
associated	with diagnostic or			
	procedures, pressure,			
humidity,	temperature or			
variations	in pressure and			
acceleration	•			
the risks as	sociated with the use			
of the device	ce when it comes into			
contact wi	th materials, liquids,			
and gases t	o which it is exposed			
during norm	al conditions of use;			
the risk	associated with the			
possible	negative interaction			
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	between se environment operates and the risks of a of substances the risk of in of specimens the risks of rewith other de in the investreatment giverisks arising or calibration with implanmaterials use of any memechanism.	within winteracts; accidental period into the device rect identifications or en; where main are not posts), from agid or loss of	ice; tification erference ally used for the intenance ssible (as geing of accuracy			
11.3	Devices show manufactured minimize the explosion during single Particular attention devices includes explosion substances of could cause of the explosion of th	I in such a we risks of ring normal fault coention should whose intendosure to or with flator substance	vay as to fire or use and ondition. If the paid ded use the use in ammable			
11.4	Devices must manufactured facilitate the waste substar	l in such a w safe disposa	vay as to			
12. 12.1	Devices with a diagnostic or measuring function. Devices with a measuring function, should be designed and manufactured in such a way as to provide sufficient accuracy, precision and stability for their					
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	based on a and technical	pose of the device, ppropriate scientific methods. The limits should be indicated			
12.2	Diagnostic devices should be designed and manufactured in such a way as to provide sufficient accuracy, precision and stability for their intended use, based on appropriate scientific and technical methods.				
12.3	Any measurement, monitoring or display scale should be designed in line with ergonomic principles, taking account of the intended purpose of the device.				
12.4	Wherever possible values expressed numerically should be in commonly accepted, standardized units, and understood by the users of the device.				
13.	Protection ag	ainst radiation			
13.1	General				
13.1.1	Devices should be designed and manufactured and packaged in such a way that exposure of patients, users and other persons to any emitted radiation should be reduced as far as practicable and appropriate, compatible with the intended purpose, whilst not restricting the application of appropriate specified levels for therapeutic and diagnostic purposes.				
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13.2	Intended radi	ation			
13.2.1	emit hazard hazardous, le invisible radi specific me benefit of who outweigh the emission, it se the user to ce Such devices and manuf- reproducibilis	rameters within an			
13.2.2	emit potentia and/or invis should be practicable,	ces are intended to illy hazardous, visible ible radiation, they e fitted, where with visual displays ile warnings of such			
13.3 13.3.1	Unintended radiation Devices should be designed and manufactured in such a way that exposure of patients, users and other persons to the emission of unintended, stray or scattered radiation is reduced as far as practicable and appropriate.				
13.4	Instructions				
13.4.1	The operating instructions for devices emitting radiation must give detailed information as to the nature of the emitted radiation, means of protecting the patient				
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	avoiding mis	er and on ways of suse & of eliminating erent in installation.			
12.5					
13.5	Ionising radia Devices inter	nded to emit ionizing			
13.5.1		ould be designed and d in such a way as to			
		where practicable, the			
		cometry and energy			
	distribution radiation em	(or quality) of nitted can be varied			
	and controlle the intended	ed taking into account use.			
13.5.2		emitting ionizing ended for diagnostic			
	radiology sh	ould be designed and			
		d in such a way as to copriate image and/or			
	output quali	ty for the intended			
	medical minimizing	purpose whilst radiation exposure of			
	the patient ar	-			
13.5.3	Devices	emitting ionizing			
		ended for therapeutic ould be designed and			
		d in such a way as to			
		ble monitoring and e delivered dose, the			
		nd energy and where			
	appropriate	the energy of the radiation beam.			
14.		ices that incorporate l standalone medical			
	device softwa	are			
14.1		orporating electronic le systems, including			
	software, or	standalone software			
		vices in themselves, designed to ensure			
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	repeatability, reliability and performance according to the intended use. In the event of a single fault condition, appropriate means should be adopted to eliminate or reduce as far as practicable and appropriate consequent risks.		
14.2	For devices which incorporate software or for standalone software that are devices in themselves, the software must be validated according to the state of the art taking into account the principles of development lifecycle, risk management, validation and verification.		
15.	Active medical devices and devices connected to them		
15.1	For active medical devices, in the event of a single fault condition, appropriate means should be adopted to eliminate or reduce as far as practicable and appropriate consequent risks.		
15.2	Devices where the safety of the patients depends on an internal power supply should be equipped with a means of determining the state of the power supply.		
15.3	Devices where the safety of the patients depends on an external power supply should include an alarm system to signal any power failure.		

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15.4	or more clin patient shou appropriate a the user of si lead to	nded to monitor one nical parameters of a ld be equipped with alarm systems to alert ituations which could death or severe of the patient's state			
15.5	manufactured reduce as fa appropriate to electromagne which could	impair the operation other devices or in the usual			
15.6	manufactured provide an intrinsic	uld be designed and d in such a way as to adequate level of immunity to etic disturbance to m to operate as			
15.7	Devices should be designed and manufactured in such a way as to avoid, as far as reasonably practicable, the risk of accidental electric shocks to the patient, user or any other person, both during normal use of the device and in the event of a single fault condition in the device, provided the device is installed and maintained as indicated by the manufacturer				
16.0 16.1	Protection risks	against mechanical			
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	manufactured protect the against connected resistance	uld be designed and d in such a way as to patient and user mechanical risks with, for example, to movement, d moving parts.			
16.2	manufactured reduce to the level the vibration good devices, tatechnical promeans available vibrations, punless the vibrations.	account of ogress and of the			
16.3	Devices should be designed and manufactured in such a way as to reduce to the lowest practicable level the risks arising from the noise emitted, taking account of technical progress and of the means available to reduce noise, particularly at source, unless the noise emitted is part of the specified performance				
16.4	Terminals and connectors to the electricity, gas or hydraulic and pneumatic energy supplies which the user has to handle should be designed and constructed in such a way as to minimize all possible risks.				
16.5	Accessible parts of the devices (excluding the parts or areas intended to supply heat or reach				
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	surroundings potentially	eratures) and their should not attain dangerous under normal use.			
17.0	to the patien energy or sub Devices for with energy be designed such a way amount can be accurately e	gainst the risks posed t or user by supplied estances supplying the patient or substances should and constructed in that the delivered be set and maintained shough to guarantee the patient and of the			
17.2	means of indicating an delivered ar pose a dang incorporate prevent, as accidental relevels of en	pld be fitted with the preventing and/or y inadequacies in the mount which could there. Devices should suitable means to far as possible, the telease of dangerous thereby or substances the regy and/or substances.			
17.3	The function of the controls and indicators should be clearly specified on the devices. Where a device bears instructions required for its operation or indicates operating or adjustment parameters by means of a visual system, such information should be understandable to the user and, as appropriate, the patient.				
18.0	_	gainst the risks posed devices intended by			
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18.1	the manufac persons	turer for use by lay			
	should be manufactured they perform their intended account the available to influence rest that can reast in the lay performent, and instruction manufacturer	I in such a way that m appropriately for d purpose taking into skills and the means lay persons and the ulting from variation onably be anticipated erson's technique and			
18.2	Devices for use by lay persons should be designed and manufactured in such a way as to reduce as far as practicable the risk of error during use by the lay person in the handling of the device and also in the interpretation of results.				
18.3	Devices for use by lay persons should, where reasonably possible, include a procedure by which the lay person can verify that, at the time of use, the product will perform as intended by the manufacturer.				
19.0	Label and Ins	structions for Use			
19.1	Users should be provided with the information needed to identify the manufacturer, to use the device safely and to ensure the intended				
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	performance, taking account of their training and knowledge. This information should be easily understood		
20.0	Clinical evaluation		
20.1	For all medical devices, the demonstration of conformity with essential principles includes a clinical evaluation in accordance with GHTF guidance. The clinical evaluation should review clinical data in the form of any: clinical investigation reports, literature reports/reviews, and clinical experience to establish that a favourable benefit-risk ratio exists for the device. Note: Further information is provided in GHTF/SG5/N2R8:2007 Clinical Evaluation.		
20.2	Clinical investigations ¹ on human subjects should be carried out in accordance with the spirit of the Helsinki Declaration. This includes every step in the clinical investigation from first consideration of the need and justification of the study to publication of the results. In addition, some countries may have specific regulatory requirements for pre-study protocol review or informed consent.		
	Essential Principles applicable to	 	

¹ See GHTF/SG5/N3:2010 Clinical Investigations

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	IVD Devices					
21.0						
21.1		nysical and biological				
21.1	<u>properties</u>					
	The IVD	devices should be				
		nd manufactured in				
	_	as to ensure the				
		es and performance				
	referred to	*				
	Particular att	ention should be paid				
	-	ility of impairment of				
		erformance due to				
	incompatibili					
		ed and the specimens				
	and/or analyte (measurand) to be					
	detected (such as biological tissues, cells, body fluids and					
	· ·	sms) intended to be				
		the device, taking				
		s intended purpose.				
21.2		devices should be				
	designed,	manufactured and				
	packaged in	such a way as to				
	minimize tl	he risk posed by				
		and residues to the				
	1 -	lved in the transport,				
	storage and use of the devices and to patients, taking account of the					
	intended purp	pose of the product.				
21.3	The IVD	devices should be				
21.5		nd manufactured in				
	such a way as to reduce as far as reasonably practicable and appropriate the risks posed by					
	substances that may leach or leak					
	from the IVD device. Special					
	attention should be given to					
	substances which are					
	carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic to reproduction.					
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21.4	and manufact as to reduce practicable as posed by the or egress of from the IV	should be designed etured in such a way as far as reasonably and appropriate risks unintentional ingress f substances into or D device taking into device and the nature onment in which it is e used.			
22.0 22.1	manufacturing be designed eliminate or reasonably appropriate to user, profess where applied. The design shallow easy and where necess reduce as practicable amicrobial leadevice and/oduring use; a contamination or specimen	devices and ag processes should in such a way as to to reduce as far as practicable and the risk of infection to assional or lay, or, table, other person. Thould: In the safe handling; and, the sary: In the safe handling; and the safe handling; and the safe handling; and the safe from the IVD are microbial exposure and prevent microbial exposure and prevent microbial in of the IVD device where applicable, by ofessional or lay, or			
22.2	sterile or a microbiologi designed, packaged to when placed	s labeled either as s having a special cal state should be manufactured and ensure they remain so l on the market and			
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22.3	storage cond the manufa protective pa or opened. IVD devices sterile or a microbiologic been proce and, if appl	der the transport and ditions specified by acturer, until the ackaging is damaged as labeled either as a having a special cal state should have ssed, manufactured icable, sterilized by validated methods.			
22.4	IVD device sterilized sho in appropria	es intended to be build be manufactured tely controlled (e.g. al) conditions.			
22.5	IVD devices	stems for non-sterile should maintain the l cleanliness of the			
23.0 23.1	materials of the Where IVI tissues, cell originating processing, and handling substances should be comprovide optimate professional person. In particular viruses and agents should implementation methods of inactivation manufacturing	f elimination or in the course of the g process. This may	(2022		16/06/2027
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23.2	if the activity other transfintegral to the the IVD decimination process work performance. National regulatory information origin of the Where IVI human tis substances, sources, done of human or preservation, of tissues, ce such origin is so as to provuser, profess person. In particular viruses and agents should implementate methods or inactivation manufacturing not apply to if the activity other transfintegral to the the IVD decimination process would be a sourced to the IVD decimination process.	on the geographical animals. Dedevices include sues, cells and the selection of ors and/or substances rigin, the processing, testing and handling ells and substances of should be carried out ide optimal safety for ional or lay, or other safety with regard to other transmissible lid be addressed by on of validated of elimination or in the course of the ag process. This may certain IVD devices ty of the virus and missible agent are elintended purpose of evice or when such or inactivation and compromise the			
23.3	performance Where IVD	of the IVD device. devices include cells			
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	origin proc	essing, preservation,			
		<u> </u>			
	_	nandling of cells and hould be carried out			
		ide optimal safety for			
	-	ional or lay, or other			
		particular, safety with			
	_	viruses and other			
		agents should be			
		y implementation of			
		ethods of elimination			
		on in the course of the			
		g process. This may			
		certain IVD devices			
		ty of the virus and			
		missible agent are			
	integral to the	e intended purpose of			
	the IVD med	dical device or when			
	such elimina	ation or inactivation			
		ald compromise the			
	performance	of the IVD device.			
24.0	<u>Manufacturin</u>	ng and environmental			
	<u>properties</u>				
24.1	If the IVD d	levice is intended for			
	use in com	bination with other			
	devices or e	quipment, the whole			
	combination,	including the			
	connection	system should not			
	impair the s	pecified performance			
	of the device	es. Any restrictions			
		applying to such			
		s should be indicated			
	on the lat	oel and/or in the			
	instructions f	or use.			
24.2	IVD devices	should be designed			
		etured in such a way			
		e or reduce as far as			
	reasonably	practicable and			
	appropriate:				
	the risk o	of injury to user,			
	professional	or lay, or other			
	-	onnection with their			
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	physical and	ergonomic features,			
	* *	use error due to the			
	ergonomic	features, human			
	factors and	the environment in			
	which the IV	D device is intended			
	to be used;				
	risks connec	ted with reasonably			
	foreseeable e	external influences or			
		al conditions, such as			
	_	ds, external electrical			
		omagnetic effects,			
		discharge, pressure,			
	humidity,	temperature or			
	variations the				
		ociated with the use			
		levice when it comes et with materials,			
		gases to which it is			
	_	ng normal conditions			
	of use;	ing normal conditions			
	· ·	ssociated with the			
	possible n				
		oftware and the			
	environment				
	operates and				
	-	accidental penetration			
	of substances	into the IVD device;			
	the risk of in	correct identification			
	of specimens	; and			
		easonably foreseeable			
		with other devices			
	·	y over between IVD			
24.2	devices	1 111 1 1 1			
24.3		should be designed			
		tured in such a way			
		ze the risks of fire or			
	in single	ring normal use and fault condition.			
	_	ention should be paid			
		ices whose intended			
		exposure to or use in			
	association	with flammable			
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		or substances which			
24.4	could cause o				
24.4		s must be designed			
		tured in such a way			
		e the safe disposal of			
25.0	any waste su				
25.0		<u>characteristics</u>			
25 1		should be designed			
25.1		tured in such a way			
	that th	1			
	characteristic intended	11			
		use, based on scientific and			
	appropriate	thods. In particular,			
		opriate, the design			
		ddress sensitivity,			
		accuracy which is			
	trueness	and precision			
		and reproducibility),			
	control of	-			
	interference	and limits of			
	detection.				
		mance characteristics			
	_	naintained during the			
		the IVD device as			
	indicated by	the manufacturer.			
27.2		0.1.			
25.2	_	erformance of devices			
		the use of calibrators			
		trol materials, the			
		of values assigned to ators and/or control			
		hould be assured			
		vailable reference			
		procedures and/or			
		erence materials of a			
	higher order.	marving of u			
25.3	Wherever	possible values			
		imerically should be			
	_	monly accepted,			
	standardized	units, and			
	understood 1	by the users of the			
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1				1	

	supports co global use standardized consideration familiarity,	tice may justify the other recognized			
26.0	Protection ag	gainst radiation			
26.1	manufactured such a way t professional person to the (intended, u scattered) is	should be designed, d and packaged in hat exposure of user, or lay, or other he emitted radiation unintended, stray or reduced as far as and appropriate			
26.2	to emit por visible and/of they should and appropria designed and such a way characteristic radiation controlled and fitted with v	devices are intended of tentially hazardous, or invisible radiation, as far as practicable ate be: and manufactured in as to ensure that the es and the quantity of emitted can be d/or adjusted; and risual displays and/or arnings of such			
27.0	IVD device	es that incorporate			
27.1	software and device software For IVD incorporate standalone se	nd standalone IVD			
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28.0	according to taking into a of developm management, validation.	nust be validated the state of the art ecount the principles nent lifecycle, risk verification and			
28.0		s connected to, or h, an energy source			
28.1	the patient do power supply should be eq	where the safety of epends on an internal y in the IVD device, uipped with a means ng the state of the 7.			
28.2	and manufactors as to reduce and approper creating interference the operatio	should be designed tured in such a way as far as practicable riate the risks of electromagnetic which could impair n of this or other quipment in the usual			
28.3	and manufac as to provide intrinsic	should be designed tured in such a way an adequate level of immunity to etic disturbance to m to operate as			
28.4	and manufactory as to avoid, practicable, t	should be designed tured in such a way as far as reasonably the risk of accidental ocks to the user, or lay, or other			
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29.0	the device a single fault device, prov is installed indicated by	during normal use of nd in the event of a condition in the ided the IVD device and maintained as the manufacturer.			
29.1	and manufact as to protect or lay, or of mechanical in for examp movement, in parts. Where there presence of due to break-	are risks due to the moving parts, risks -up or detachment, or substances, then protection means			
29.2	IVD devices and manufact as to redupracticable left from vibration devices, tatechnical promeans available vibrations, punless the vibrations and the vibrations of the vibration of the vibratio	should be designed tured in such a way ace to the lowest evel the risks arising on generated by the aking account of rogress and of the dable for limiting articularly at source, ibrations are part of performance.			
29.3	IVD devices should be designed and manufactured in such a way as to reduce to the lowest practicable level the risks arising from the noise emitted, taking account of technical progress and of the means available to reduce				
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	noise, particu	larly at source.			
29.4	electricity, g pneumatic er the user, pro other person be designed	ad connectors to the as or hydraulic and nergy supplies which ofessional or lay, or has to handle should and constructed in as to minimize all s.			
29.5	devices (exc areas intender reach given their surrou attain pote	parts of the IVD luding the parts or ed to supply heat or temperatures) and ndings should not entially dangerous under normal use.			
30.0	by IVD dev	cainst the risks posed ices intended by the for self-testing			
30.1	testing should manufactured they perform their intended account the available to influence result that can reason in the lay performent, and instruction manufacturer	s intended for self- ld be designed and d in such a way that m appropriately for d purpose taking into skills and the means lay persons and the ulting from variation onably be anticipated rson's technique and The information ons provided by the should be easy for on to understand and			
30.2	IVD devices testing shou manufactured reduce as fa	s intended for self- ld be designed and I in such a way as to ar as practicable the by the lay person in			
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	_	of the device and, if ne specimen, and also			
		etation of results.			
30.3	IVD devices	s intended for self-			
	testing shoul	d, where reasonably			
	possible, inc	lude a procedure by			
	which the la	y person can verify			
	· ·	time of use, the			
	-	perform as intended			
	by the manuf				
31.0	Label and Ins	structions for Use			
31.1	Users should	be provided with the			
		needed to identify the			
	manufacture	, to use the device			
	safely and to	ensure the intended			
	performance,	taking account of			
		g and knowledge.			
		tion should be easily			
	understood.				
		ner information is			
	-	GHTF/SG1/N43:2005			
22.0		Medical Devices			
32.0		evaluation including			
		rformance and, where			
32.1	appropriate, o	clinical performance			
32.1	For an IVD	device a performance			
		ould be conducted in			
		with GHTF guidance.			
		rmance evaluation			
	-	review analytical			
	performance	data and, where			
	appropriate,	clinical performance			
	data in the fo	rm of any:			
	literature;				
	_	study reports; and			
		gained by routine			
	diagnostic tes	C			
		that the IVD device			
		ntended performance			
		al conditions of use			1 -10
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	and that	the known, and			
	foreseeable	risks, and any			
		effects, are minimised			
		ble when weighed benefits of the			
	intended perf	and extent of a			
		evaluation should be			
		o the nature, intended			
		s of the IVD device,			
		ordance with GHTF			
	guidance.				
		her information is			
		GHTF/SG1/N46:2008			
		of Conformity			
		for IVD Medical			
	Devices.				
32.2	*	erformance studies			
		mens from human			
		uld be carried out in			
		with the spirit of the			
		of Helsinki. This			
		ry step in the clinical			
		study from first			
	consideration	n of the need and			
	justification	of the study to			
	publication o				
I declare that	t the informat	tion provided in this	form is acc	curate and corr	ect and the device
conforms to a	ll applicable re	equirements stipulated	l above.		
Name:					_
Signature:					
Position:					
Date:					
		End of do	cument		
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