

Package leaflet: Information for the patient

Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet

1. What Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg
3. How to take Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg is and what it is used for

This medicine contains azithromycin (as dihydrate), which is one of a group of antibiotics called macrolides. It is used to treat infections caused by bacteria and other micro-organisms, which include:

- chest, throat or nasal infections (such as bronchitis, pneumonia, tonsillitis, sore throat (pharyngitis) and sinusitis)
- ear infections
- skin and soft tissue infections (such as an abscess or boil)
- sexually transmitted diseases caused by organisms called chlamydia or gonorrhoea.

You must talk to a doctor if you do not feel better or if you feel worse.

2. What you need to know before you take Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg

Do not take Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg:

- if you/your child are allergic to azithromycin or any other macrolide antibiotic such as erythromycin or clarithromycin or any of the other ingredients (listed in section 6). An allergic reaction may cause skin rash or wheezing.
- if you are taking any ergot derivatives such as ergotamine (used to treat migraine) as these medicines should not be taken together with Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg if you/your child have or have had any of the following:

- kidney problems
- heart conditions

- diabetes
- liver problems: your doctor may need to monitor your liver function or stop the treatment
- myasthenia gravis (localised muscle weakness)
- or if you/your child are taking any ergot derivatives such as ergotamine (used to treat migraine) as these medicines should not be taken together with Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg.

Tell your doctor immediately if you feel your heart beating in your chest or have an abnormal heartbeat, or get dizzy or faint or suffer from any muscle weakness when taking Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg.

If you develop diarrhoea or loose stools during or after treatment, tell your doctor at once. Do not take any medicine to treat your diarrhoea without first checking with your doctor. If your diarrhoea continues, please inform your doctor.

Other medicines and Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you/your child are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

In particular, Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg may interact with the medicines listed below:

- ergot or ergotamine, see 'Warnings and precautions' section
- warfarin or any similar medicine to prevent blood clots
- ciclosporin (used to suppress the immune system to prevent and treat rejection of a transplanted organ or bone marrow)
- digoxin (used to treat heart failure)
- terfenadine (for hay fever or a skin allergy)
- atorvastatin (for reducing blood cholesterol levels).

If you/your child are taking antacids for indigestion, Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg should be taken one hour before or two hours after taking antacids.

Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg with food and drink

Please refer to section 3.

Pregnancy, breast-feeding and fertility

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

Driving and using machines

Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg is not expected to affect your ability to drive or use machines.

3. How to take Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. The tablets should be swallowed whole.

Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg is not affected by food or drink.

The recommended dose in adults and children over 7 stones (45 kg) is 500 mg, once a day, for 3 days. For some diseases such as Chlamydia the dose is 1 g taken all together on one day

only. For gonorrhoea the recommended dose is azithromycin 2 g as a single oral dose together with ceftriaxone 500 mg intramuscularly as a single dose.

You should tell your doctor if you have kidney or liver problems as your doctor may need to alter the normal dose.

Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg tablets should not be taken by children weighing less than 45 kg.

Doctors sometimes prescribe different doses to the recommended dose. The label on the pack will tell you which dose you should take. If you are still not sure, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Always continue with your course even if you feel better. If your infection gets worse or you do not start to feel better within a few days or a new infection develops, go back and see your doctor.

If you take more Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg than you should

If you take too much Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg you may feel unwell. Tell your doctor or contact your nearest hospital casualty department immediately.

If you forget to take Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg

If you forget to take a dose, take it as soon as you can. Take your next dose at the right time. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose.

If you stop taking Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg

If you stop taking Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg too soon, the infection may return. Take the tablets for the full time of treatment, even when you begin to feel better.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects although not everybody gets them.

Tell your doctor immediately if you experience any of the following symptoms after taking this medicine. Although they are very rare, the symptoms can be severe.

- sudden wheeziness, difficulty in breathing, swelling of eyelids, face or lips, rash or itching (especially affecting the whole body)
- severe skin rash causing redness and flaking
- rapid or irregular heartbeat
- low blood pressure
- vomiting and diarrhoea can rarely cause dehydration. It is important to drink plenty of fluid if you experience sickness and / or diarrhoea
- diarrhoea may occur during, or after completing, treatment with antibiotics and could be a sign of serious bowel inflammation.

The most common side effects that occur when taking Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg are listed below. These may go away during treatment as your body adjusts to the medicine. Tell your doctor if any of these side effects continue to bother you.

Very common: may affect more than 1 in 10 people

- diarrhoea

Common: may affect up to 1 in 10 people

- headache
- feeling sick, being sick, stomach pain
- low number of lymphocytes (a type of white blood cell), higher number of eosinophils (type of white blood cells), and other blood changes
- low blood bicarbonate

Uncommon: may affect up to 1 in 100 people

- yeast infections of the mouth and vagina (thrush)
- fungal or bacterial infections such as severe sore throat, gastroenteritis
- breathing problems, runny nose, nose bleeds
- low number of leukocytes (a type of white blood cell),
- allergic reactions of various severity
- sleepiness or sleeplessness (insomnia)
- visual disturbances
- feeling nervous
- reduced sense of touch or sensation (hypoesthesia)
- feeling dizzy, ear problems, vertigo
- heart palpitations, chest pain
- loss of appetite, taste disturbance
- constipation, wind, burping, indigestion
- stomach pain associated with diarrhoea and fever
- mouth ulcers, dry mouth, difficulty swallowing, excess saliva
- kidney pain, pain when urinating
- general loss of strength, tiredness or weakness, numbness or pins and needles
- swelling, swollen or painful muscles, back pain, neck pain
- general discomfort
- abnormal blood test values
- rash, red, dry or itchy skin, or excess sweating
- bleeding between periods in women
- testicular pain in men
- hot flushes.

Rare: may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people

- agitation
- skin more sensitive to sunlight than normal
- changes in liver function, yellowing of the skin and eyes

Very rare: may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people

- skin rash accompanied by other symptoms such as fever, swollen glands and an increase of eosinophils (a type of white blood cell). A rash appears as small, itchy red bumps.

Not known: frequency cannot be estimated from the available data:

- fits, fainting, twitching muscles
- aggression, anxiety, delirium, hallucinations, sleep disturbances (e.g. nightmares, night terrors)
- feeling hyperactive
- localised muscle weakness
- painful joints
- deafness, hearing loss, ringing in the ears
- severe or prolonged diarrhoea, which may have blood or mucus in it, during or after treatment with Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg as this may be a sign of serious bowel inflammation

- loss of smell or altered sense of smell, loss of taste
- tongue discolouration
- inflammation of the pancreas (pancreatitis)
- inflammation of the kidney or kidney failure
- liver failure (rarely life-threatening)
- bruising or prolonged bleeding after injury
- reduction in red blood cells which can make the skin pale and cause weakness or breathlessness
- low blood pressure
- blistering of the skin, severe skin reaction
- abnormal electrocardiogram (ECG).

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Store in a dry place, below 30°C. Protect from light

Do not take this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the blister and carton after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Do not throw away medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg contains

The active substance is azithromycin as azithromycin dihydrate.

White coloured, caplet shaped film coated tablet having break line on one side and other side is plain. Contains 500 mg of the active substance

The other ingredients are: Microcrystalline cellulose, Cross Povidone, PVPK-30, Maize Starch, Gelatine, Purified Water, Purified Talc, Magnesium Stearate, Aerosil – 200, Cross Povidone, Kyron T-3 14, HPMC E 15 CPS, DRCOAT FCU-White, (W/026/050) (film coating), Polysorbate 80 (Tween 80), Isopropyl Alcohol, Methylene dichloride

What Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg looks like and contents of the pack

Azithromycin Tablets USP 500 mg are White coloured, caplet shaped film coated tablet having break line on one side and other side is plain. **are** available in 1 X 3's Alu-PVC Pack.

Marketing Authorisation Holder

Aura Lifecare Pvt. Ltd. S. No. 254/14/1, Jarod-Savli Road,
P.O.: Karachiya, Tal. Savli, Dist. Vadodara- 391 520,
Gujarat, India

Manufacturer

Aura Lifecare Pvt. Ltd. S. No. 254/14/1, Jarod-Savli Road,
P.O.: Karachiya, Tal. Savli, Dist. Vadodara- 391 520,
Gujarat, India

This leaflet was last revised in June 2024